Saginaw County, Michigan

Annual Financial Statements and Auditors' Report March 31, 2008



Table of Contents

<u>section</u>		<u>Page</u>
1	List of Elected and Appointed Officials	1 – 1
2	Independent Auditors' Report	2 – 1
3	Management's Discussion and Analysis	3 – 1
4	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government-wide Financial Statements	
	Statement of Net Assets Statement of Activities	4 – 1 4 – 2
	Fund Financial Statements	
	Governmental Funds	
	Balance Sheet	4 – 3
	Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets of	
	Governmental Activities	4 – 4
	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	4 – 5
	Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	4 0
	in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	4 – 6
	Proprietary Funds	
	Statement of Net Assets	4 – 7
	Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	4 – 8
	Statement of Cash Flows	4 – 9
	Notes to Financial Statements	4 – 10



Section	<u>.</u>	<u>Page</u>
5	Required Supplemental Information	
	Budgetary Comparison Schedule	
	General Fund	5 – 1
	Police Fund	5 – 3
	Park Fund	5 – 4
	Trash Collection Fund	5 – 5
6	Other Supplemental Information	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	Combining Balance Sheet	6 – 1
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	6 – 2
	Internal Service Funds	
	Combining Statement of Net Assets	6-3
	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets	6 – 4
	Combining Statement of Cash Flows	6 – 5
	Schedule of Indebtedness	6 – 6
7	Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on	
	Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of	
	Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	7 – 1



Richland Township List of Elected and Appointed Officials March 31, 2008

Township

Joel Wardin - Supervisor

Kevin Kreger – Clerk

Linda Luplow - Treasurer

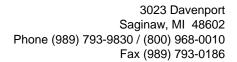
Brian Frederick - Trustee

Christine Beckrow - Trustee

Other Officers and Officials

Renee Herhold – Township Manager







Independent Auditors' Report

Members of the Township Board Richland Township Saginaw, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Richland Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Township's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Richland Township as of March 31, 2008 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 4, 2008 on our consideration of the Richland Township internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information identified in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Richland Township's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplemental information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

June 4, 2008

Saginaw, Michigan

Yest yes, P.C.

Richland Township Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

	Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total			
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,384,096	\$ 420,737	\$ 1,804,833			
Receivables						
Taxes	65,484		65,484			
Customers	-	82,862	82,862			
Due from other units of government	71,403		71,403			
Internal balances	33,888	(33,888)	-			
Restricted assets	44.004		44.004			
Cash and cash equivalents	11,624		11,624			
Capital assets not being depreciated	161,698		229,288			
Capital assets being depreciated	1,615,904	1,522,376	3,138,280			
Total assets	3,344,097	2,059,677	5,403,774			
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	48,961	248	49,209			
Accrued and other liabilities	12,179	10,516	22,695			
Noncurrent liabilities	,		,			
Due within one year	54,868	40,000	94,868			
Due in more than one year	533,821	387,118	920,939			
Total liabilities	649,829	437,882	1,087,711			
Net assets						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	1,238,556	1,172,327	2,410,883			
Restricted for:	,,,,	.,,	_, ,			
Deposits held by others	11,624	_	11,624			
Nonexpendable cemetery trust	528	_	528			
Unrestricted	1,443,560	449,468	1,893,028			
Total net assets	\$ 2,694,268	\$ 1,621,795	\$ 4,316,063			

Richland Township Statement of Activities

		Program Revenues				Cha	nge	se) Revenue s in Net Asse	ets	
		Charges for		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	G	Pri overnmental		y Governmer Isiness-type	<u>it</u>
	Expenses	Services		ntributions	Contributions		Activities		Activities	Total
Functions/Programs										
Primary government										
Governmental activities	\$ 392,781	¢	\$	7,336	¢	Φ	(205 445)	Ф		¢ (205 445)
General government Public safety	ъ 392,761 587,967	ъ - 33,534		43,008	Φ -	\$	(385,445) (511,425)	Ф	-	\$ (385,445) (511,425)
Public safety Public works	249,324	9,721		43,000	_		(239,603)		_	(239,603)
Health and welfare	3,600	5,721		8,760	_		5,160		_	5,160
Community and economic development	6,311	_		-	_		(6,311)		_	(6,311)
Recreation and culture	300,632	48,368		14,771	63,219		(174,274)		-	(174,274)
Interest on long-term debt	26,492						(26,492)			(26,492)
Total governmental activities	1,567,107	91,623	. <u>-</u>	73,875	63,219		(1,338,390)			(1,338,390)
Business-type activities										
Sewer	191,587	149,107		-	10,038		-		(32,442)	(32,442)
Water	214,392	205,590		-	9,400				598	598
Total business-type activities	405,979	354,697			19,438				(31,844)	(31,844)
Total primary government	\$ 1,973,086	\$ 446,320	\$	73,875	\$ 82,657	. —	(1,338,390)		(31,844)	(1,370,234)
	General reve	nues								
	Property tax						1,005,062		-	1,005,062
	State share						322,264		-	322,264
	Unrestricted	d investment e	arnin	gs			47,995		21,746	69,741
		e of capital as	sets				-		1,490	1,490
	Miscellaned	ous					70,094		554	70,648
	Total gene	eral revenues					1,445,415		23,790	1,469,205
	Change in ne	t assets					107,025		(8,054)	98,971
	Net assets - b	peginning of ye	ear			_	2,587,243		1,629,849	4,217,092
	Net assets -	end of year				\$	2,694,268	\$	1,621,795	\$ 4,316,063

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

March 31, 2008

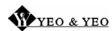
				Specia	al Revenue F	unds				
				Trash			Nonmajor Governmental		G	Total overnmental
	(General	Police		Park	Collection	00	Funds	O	Funds
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	195,279	\$	408,729	\$ 148,841	\$ 280,162	\$	320,903	\$	1,353,914
Receivables Taxes						GE 191				65,484
Due from other units of government		71,403		-	-	65,484		-		71,403
Due from other funds		-		-	_	629		6,056		6,685
Advances to other funds		117,596		-	-	-		-		117,596
Restricted assets										
Cash and cash equivalents			_			11,624				11,624
Total assets	\$	384,278	\$	408,729	<u>\$ 148,841</u>	\$ 357,899	\$	326,959	\$	1,626,706
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	24,678	\$	943	•	\$ 21,655	\$	1,510	\$	48,961
Due to other funds		5,953		-	418	-		314		6,685
Advances from other funds		- 23,405		117,596	-	-		-		117,596 23,405
Deferred revenue	_		_	-	-				_	
Total liabilities		54,036		118,539	593	21,655		1,824		196,647
Fund balances Reserved for:										
Deposits held by others		-		-	-	11,624		-		11,624
Long term advances		117,596		-	-	-		-		117,596
Unreserved, reported in:										
General fund		212,646		-	-	-		-		212,646
Special revenue funds Permanent fund		-		290,190 -	148,248 -	324,620		324,607 528		1,087,665 528
Total fund balances		330,242		290,190	148,248	336,244		325,135		1,430,059
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	384,278	\$	408,729	\$ 148,841	\$ 357,899	\$	326,959	\$	1,626,706



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Assets of Governmental Activities March 31, 2008

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 1,430,059
Total net assets for governmental activities in the statement of net assets is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fun	nds. 1,735,611
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the fund	ds. 23,405
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences	(12,179) (49,643)
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordance not reported as fund liabilities.	dingly (539,046)
Internal service funds are included as part of governmental activities.	106,061
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 2,694,268



Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

				Special Revenue Funds								
Parameter.	(General		Police		Park		Trash collection		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	\$	115,453	\$	389,506	\$	108,254	\$	156,766	\$	235,083	\$	1,005,062
Licenses and permits	Ψ	8,521	Ψ	2,213	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	31,321	Ψ	42,055
State revenue sharing		318,732		-		_		-		4,582		323,314
Other state grants		-		-		63,219		-		15,976		79,195
Local contributions		10,243		1,608		-		-		44,900		56,751
Charges for services		25,882		-		21,250		-		-		47,132
Fines and forfeitures		-		-		-		-		27,118		27,118
Interest income		9,330		10,619		4,860		8,779		11,223		44,811
Rental income		3,065 28,717		2,263		4,648		- 548		- 8,474		3,065 44,650
Other revenue	_		_		_		_		_			
Total revenues	_	519,943		406,209		202,231	_	166,093		378,677		1,673,153
Expenditures Current												
General government		312,455		_		-		-		55,326		367,781
Public safety		-		372,038		_		-		137,391		509,429
Public works		93,342		, -		-		154,735		· -		248,077
Health and welfare		3,600		-		-		-		-		3,600
Community and economic development		6,311		-		-		-		-		6,311
Recreation and culture		-		-		111,636		-		150,546		262,182
Capital outlay		3,865		-		131,428		-		5,276		140,569
Debt service		00.000								04.044		54044
Principal retirement		30,000 15,875		2,421		-		-		24,644 9,254		54,644 27,550
Interest and fiscal charges												
Total expenditures		465,448		374,459		243,064		154,735	_	382,437		1,620,143
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		54,495		31,750		(40,833)		11,358		(3,760)		53,010
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in		<u>-</u>		-		-		629		6,824		7,453
Transfers out		(7,453)		-		-		-				(7,453)
Total other financing sources and uses		(7,453)	_		_		_	629	_	6,824		
Net change in fund balance		47,042		31,750		(40,833)		11,987		3,064		53,010
Fund balance - beginning of year		283,200		258,440		189,081	_	324,257		322,071		1,377,049
Fund balance - end of year	\$	330,242	\$	290,190	\$	148,248	\$	336,244	\$	325,135	\$	1,430,059



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	;	\$ 53,010
Total change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Depreciation expense Capital outlay Loss on disposal of capital assets		(122,344) 129,301 (1,156)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds. State shared revenue		(1,050)
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities Accrued interest Compensated absences		1,058 (1,411)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net assets.		
Repayments of long-term debt		54,644
Internal service funds are also included as governmental activities		(5,027)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$	107,025



Richland Township Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Assets March 31, 2008

	E			
	Sewer	Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
Assets Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	\$ 238,238	\$ 182,499	\$ 420,737	\$ 30,182
Customers	38,040	44,822	82,862	<u> </u>
Total current assets	276,278	227,321	503,599	30,182
Noncurrent assets Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated	67,590 709,636	- 812,740	67,590 1,522,376	- 41,991
Total noncurrent assets	777,226	812,740	1,589,966	41,991
Total assets	1,053,504	1,040,061	2,093,565	72,173
Liabilities Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities Current portion of noncurrent liabilities	124 - 	124 10,516 40,000	248 10,516 40,000	- - -
Total current liabilities	124	50,640	50,764	
Noncurrent liabilities Long-term debt net of current portion	4,739	382,379	387,118	
Total liabilities	4,863	433,019	437,882	
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	777,226 271,415	395,101 211,941	1,172,327 483,356	41,991 30,182
Total net assets	\$ 1,048,641	\$ 607,042	1,655,683	\$ 72,173
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net assets are different because certain internal service funds assets and liabilities are reported with business-type activities			(33,888)	
Net assets of business-type activities			\$ 1,621,795	



Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

	En	terprise Fund	ds	
	Sewer	Water	Total	Internal Service Funds
Operating revenue Customer fees Billings to other funds Other revenue	\$ 149,107 - -	\$ 205,590 - 554	\$ 354,697 - 554	\$ - 430,593 3,070
Total operating revenue	149,107	206,144	355,251	433,663
Operating expenses Personnel services Supplies Contractual services Utilities Repairs and maintenance Other expenses Depreciation	93,341 5,115 6,871 14,961 3,691 11,313 54,740	92,630 13,105 11,002 13,249 9,174 8,743 38,705	185,971 18,220 17,873 28,210 12,865 20,056 93,445	411,908 5,915 825 - 1,850 4,261 12,429
Total operating expenses	190,032	186,608	376,640	437,188
Operating income (loss)	(40,925)	19,536	(21,389)	(3,525)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses) Interest income Gain (loss) on sale of assets Interest expense	11,934 - 	9,812 1,490 (26,363)	21,746 1,490 (26,363)	3,185 (7,663)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	11,934	(15,061)	(3,127)	(4,478)
Income (loss) before contributions Capital contributions	(28,991) 10,038	4,475 9,400	(24,516) 19,438	(8,003)
Change in net assets	(18,953)	13,875	(5,078)	(8,003)
Net assets - beginning of year	1,067,594	593,167		80,176
Net assets - end of year	\$ 1,048,641	\$ 607,042		\$ 72,173
Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with business-type activities			(2,976)	
Change in net assets of business-type activities			\$ (8,054)	



Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						<u>3</u>		
		Sewer		Water		Total	Se	Internal ervice Funds	
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used	\$	148,574 - (41,905) (33,049) (59,618)	\$	207,000 - (64,389) (28,766) (54,831)	\$	355,574 - (106,294) (61,815) (114,449)		3,070 430,593 (13,180) (411,908)	
Net cash provided by operating activities		14,002		59,014		73,016		8,575	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Capital contributions Purchases of capital assets Principal and interest paid on long-term debt Proceeds from sale of capital assets	_	10,038 (9,487) - -		9,400 (3,328) (59,434) 1,490		19,438 (12,815) (59,434) 1,490		- (12,000) - 250	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities		551		(51,872)		(51,321)		(11,750)	
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received		11,934		9,812		21,746		3,185	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		26,487		16,954		43,441		10	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		211,751		165,545		377,296		30,172	
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	238,238	\$	182,499	\$	420,737	\$	30,182	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities Receivables (net) Accounts payable Accrued and other liabilities	\$	(40,925) 54,740 (533) 46 674		19,536 38,705 856 45 (128)	\$	(21,389) 93,445 323 91 546	\$	(3,525) 12,429 - (329)	
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	14,002	\$	59,014	\$	73,016	\$	8,575	
								-	

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

Richland Township is governed by an elected five-member Board. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Unit – The Building Authority is included as a part of the Township's financial statements since the Township appoints the governing authority Board and the Building Authority provides its services solely to the Township. The Building Authority activity is blended into the Township's Water Enterprise Fund for reporting purposes because the services were related to Water Enterprise Fund assets, which is in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A complete financial statement can be obtained from Richland Township Offices, 1180 N. Hemlock Road, Hemlock, Michigan 48626.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Government activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this



purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Police Fund accounts for the separate voted millage and the related operation of the police department.

The Park Fund accounts for the separate voted millage and the related operation of the park department.

The Trash Collection Fund accounts for the revenue and expenditures with the government's refuse collection operation.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the sewage collection system.

The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the water distribution

system.

Additionally, the government reports the following:

The Permanent Fund accounts for perpetual cemetery resources and expenditures.

The nonmajor special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative requirements.

Internal Service Funds account for the fringe benefits and the major machinery and equipment purchases and maintenance provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Current Tax Collection Fund accounts for property tax and other deposits collected on behalf of other units and individuals. At the end of the year the Current Tax Collection Fund had no assets or liabilities.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other charges between the government's water and sewer function



and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer and water funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The government also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for sewer and water funds and the internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Assets, liabilities, and net assets or equity

Deposits and investments – Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market price. Certificate of deposits are stated at cost which approximates fair

value.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1st of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The 2007 taxable valuation of the government totaled \$118,814,279, on which ad valorem taxes consisted of 0.9084 mills for operating purposes. This resulted in \$108,076 for operating expenses, exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments.

Restricted assets – In the Trash Collection Fund, certain resources are set aside to fund capital asset replacements.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, if purchased or constructed.



The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate. In the case of donations the government values these capital assets at the estimated fair value of the item at the date of its donation.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40 to 60 years
Building improvements	15 to 30 years
Water and sewer lines	50 to 75 years
Vehicles	3 to 10 years
Office equipment computer equipment	5 to 7 years
Computer equipment	3 to 7 years

Compensated absences – Employees earn vacation and sick leave based on years of service. Vacation days are accrued annually on January 1 and the employees must take the time during the year following the accrual, except for the 40 hour carryover or amount allowed per contract that is allowed at the end of each year.

The employees earn 80 hours of vacation annually for the first five years of employment. The vacation hour accrual goes up to 120 hours annually after five years. In addition, supervisory level employees receive 40 more hours of vacation each year. The vacation hours accrued at the March 31 year end are valued using each employees current pay rate.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and

discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund equity – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

Comparative data

Comparative data is not included in the government's financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary information

The government is subject to the budgetary control requirements of the Uniform Budgeting Act (P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended). Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General Fund and all Special Revenue Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.



Prior to March 31, the Township Supervisor submits to the Township a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following April 1. Public hearings are obtained to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution prior to April 1.

The budget document presents information by fund, activity, department, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the activity level. The Township Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within an activity; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of an activity must be approved by the Township.

Amounts encumbered for purchase orders, contracts, etc. are not tracked during the year. Budget appropriations are considered to be spent when goods are received or services rendered.

Excess of expenditures over appropriations

The Township incurred expenditures in excess of budget in the General Fund. Excess expenditures in this fund occurred in the following areas.

	Budget	Actual	E	cess
General Fund				
General government	\$ 311,461	\$ 312,455	\$	994

In addition, the Township budgeted for a deficit in the Police and Park Fund in the current year.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

At year end the government's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	 sh and Cash quivalents	Cash	estricted and Cash uivalents
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 1,384,096 420,737	\$	11,624 -
Total primary government	\$ 1,804,833	\$	11,624

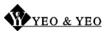
All cash and cash equivalents at year end are considered deposits and are held in checking and savings accounts and certificate of deposits.

Interest rate risk — The government does not have a formal investment policy to manage its exposure to fair value losses from changes in interest rates.

Credit risk - State statutes authorize the government to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations which have an office in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or federal agency obligations; repurchase agreements; bankers acceptance of United States Banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or any of its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. The investment policy adopted by the government authorizes investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and certificates of deposit, but not the remainder of State statutory authority as listed above.

Concentration of credit risk – The government has no policy that would limit the amount that may be issued in any one issuer.

Custodial credit risk - deposits - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of year end, \$1,709,206 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.



Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases	D	ecreases		Ending Balance
Governmental activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	157,833	\$	3,865	\$		\$	161,698
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		497,384		123,661		-		621,045
Buildings, additions and improvements		1,477,124		-		-		1,477,124
Machinery and equipment		284,039		13,775		15,016		282,798
Vehicles		490,272	_			6,000		484,272
Total capital assets being depreciated		2,748,819		137,436		21,016		2,865,239
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements		301,695		17,211		-		318,906
Buildings, additions and improvements		453,728		37,504		-		491,232
Machinery and equipment		196,325		29,915		5,947		220,293
Vehicles		174,761		50,143		6,000		218,904
Total accumulated depreciation		1,126,509		134,773		11,947		1,249,335
Net capital assets being depreciated		1,622,310		2,663		9,069		1,615,904
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	1,780,143	\$	6,528	\$	9,069	\$	1,777,602
Business-type activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	67,590	\$	-	\$		\$	67,590
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		6,514		-		-		6,514
Buildings, additions and improvements		21,722		-		-		21,722
Machinery and equipment		42,225		9,487		-		51,712
Water system		1,556,134		3,328		-		1,559,462
Sewer system	_	2,114,813	_				_	2,114,813
Total capital assets being depreciated		3,741,408		12,815				3,754,223
Less accumulated depreciation for								
Land improvements		6,514		-		-		6,514
Buildings, additions and improvements		9,413		724		-		10,137
Machinery and equipment		34,825		1,550		-		36,375
Water system		714,086		38,348		-		752,434
Sewer system	_	1,373,564	_	52,823			_	1,426,387
Total accumulated depreciation	_	2,138,402		93,445				2,231,847
Net capital assets being depreciated		1,603,006	_	(80,630)		-		1,522,376
Business-type capital assets, net	\$	1,670,596	\$	(80,630)	\$		\$	1,589,966

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

\$ 20,803
74,118
912
26,511
12,429
134,773
54,740
38,705

Note 5 - Construction Commitments

Total business-type activities

Total primary government

Governmental activities

The Township has construction commitments in the amount of \$15,300 outstanding in the Park Fund at March 31, 2008.

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payable, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mount
Trash Collection	General	\$	629
Property Tax Administration	General		5,324
Property Tax Administration	Park		418
Property Tax Administration	Library		314
		\$	6,685



93,445

\$ 228,218

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Advances at year end are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount			
General	Police	\$	117,596		

During fiscal year 2003-2004, the Township made improvements and an expansion to the public safety building, which now houses both the police and fire departments. The General Fund provided a long term loan to the Police Fund to pay for these improvements. The Police Fund will be required to make annual payments to the General Fund in the amount of \$5,861, including 2% interest, over the next 30 years.

The details for interfund transfers are as follows:

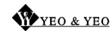
Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	A	mount
General General	Property Tax Administration Trash Collection	\$	6,824 629
		\$	7,453

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

Note 7 - Deferred Revenue

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue are as follows:

	<u>Unavailable</u>
Primary government	
State shared revenue	<u>\$ 23,405</u>



Note 8 - Long-Term Debt

The government issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital projects. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences. Compensated absences are typically liquidated with funds from the General Fund, Sewer Fund and Water Fund.

Long-term obligation activity is summarized as follows:

	Α	mount of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	eginning Balance	Ad	ditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance		e Within ne Year
Governmental activities													
Bonds and notes payable General obligation bonds													
Fire Truck Revenue Bonds	\$	205,000	11/1/09	4.450%-4.550%	\$20,000- \$25,000	\$ 65,000	\$	-	\$	20,000	\$ 45,000	\$	20,000
Township Complex Revenue Bonds Installment purchase agreements		500,000	11/1/17	3.375%-4.625%	30,000- 45,000	390,000		-		30,000	360,000	·	30,000
Fire truck installment agreement		145,000	5/20/15	4.700%	4,868- 23,178	 138,690		-		4,644	 134,046		4,868
Total bonds and notes payable						593,690		-		54,644	539,046		54,868
Compensated absences						 48,232		1,411			 49,643		
Total governmental activities						\$ 641,922	\$	1,411	\$	54,644	\$ 588,689	\$	54,868
Business-type activities Bonds and notes payable General obligation bonds													
Building Authority's Water Tower Bond Less deferred amounts	\$	725,000	11/1/16	5.550%-5.875%	\$40,000- \$60,000	\$ 470,000 (19,290)	\$	- -	\$	35,000 (1,929)	\$ 435,000 (17,361)	\$	40,000
Total bonds payable						 450,710				33,071	 417,639		40,000
Compensated absences						 8,130		1,349			 9,479		
Total business-type activities						\$ 458,840	\$	1,349	\$	33,071	\$ 427,118	\$	40,000



Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

Year Ending		Governmen	nmental Activities Business-ty					pe Activites				
March 31,	F	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest				
	_						_					
2009	\$	54,868	\$	23,097	\$	40,000	\$	25,240				
2010		60,101		20,962		40,000		23,020				
2011		48,332		18,148		40,000		20,760				
2012		54,213		16,068		45,000		18,460				
2013		55,135		13,745		50,000		15,850				
2014-2018		266,397		32,399		220,000		33,194				
	\$	539,046	\$	124,419	\$	435,000	\$	136,524				

Note 9 - Risk Management

The government is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The government has purchased commercial insurance for all claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems

Defined benefit pension plan

Plan description – The government participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the government. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to MERS at 447 N. Canal Rd., Lansing,

Michigan 48917.

Funding policy – The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees and board of trustees was established by the government and requires a contribution equal to 5% of compensation for board of trustee members. No contribution from township employees is required.

Annual pension costs – For fiscal year ended 2008, the government's annual pension cost of \$83,408 for the plan was equal to the required and actual contribution. The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2005, using the entry actual age cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include: 1) a 8% investment rate of return; 2) projected salary increases of 4.5% percent per year; and 3) 3% percent per year cost of living adjustments. Both determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility over a four-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percent of payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period is 30 years.

Three year trend information as of December 31, 2006 follows:

	 2006	 2005	2004
Annual pension cost	\$ 81,263	\$ 73,532	\$ 72,997
Percentage of APC contributed Actuarial value of assets	100%	100%	100%
Actuarial accrued liabilities	1,552,746 2,632,237	1,408,483 2,378,518	1,281,738 2,026,138
Unfunded AAL	1,079,491	970,035	744,400
Funded ratio	59.0%	59.0%	63.0%
Covered payroll	416,198	343,564	387,957
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	259%	282%	192%



Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the government expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 12 - Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has recently released statement Number 45, Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The new pronouncement provides guidance for local units of government in recognizing the cost of retiree health care, as well as any "other" postemployment benefits (other than pensions). The new rules will cause the government-wide financial statements to recognize the cost of providing retiree health care coverage over the working life of the employee, rather than at the time the health care premiums are paid. The new pronouncement is effective for the year ending March 31, 2010.

The Government Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations. This statement addresses how to account for pollution remediation activities of the effects of existing pollution. It does not include prevention or control activities nor future remediation required upon retirement of an asset. In general, a liability will be recorded based on the current value of expected costs as estimated using the expected cash flows method. This statement is effective for financial statements with periods ending after December 15, 2007. However, measurement is required as of the beginning of the period.



Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

	Budgeted	Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Taxes				
Property taxes	\$ 103,481	\$ 108,254	\$ 108,254	\$ -
Other taxes	12,900	7,199	7,199	-
Licenses and permits	8,200	8,521	8,521	-
State revenue sharing	320,493	270,734	318,732	47,998
Local contributions	8,010	10,243	10,243	-
Charges for services	30,400	25,882	25,882	-
Interest income	3,400	6,909	9,330	2,421
Rental income	2,700	3,065	3,065	-
Other revenue	19,600	52,334	28,717	(23,617)
Transfer in	5,861	5,861		(5,861)
Total revenues	515,045	499,002	519,943	20,941
Expenditures				
General government				
Township board	10,250	9,213	9,213	-
Supervisor	10,200	9,705	9,705	-
Manager	52,345	54,681	54,681	-
Accounting	179,758	178,096	178,181	85
Clerk	13,100	11,542	11,542	-
Audit	5,250	4,665	4,665	-
Board of review	450	-	-	-
Elections	3,600	3,413	3,413	-
Buildings and grounds	31,000	26,996	27,080	84
Attorney	11,500	2,423	3,209	786
Cemetery	12,000	10,727	10,766	39
Total general government	329,453	311,461	312,455	994

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

General Fund

	Budgeted Original	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Public works Department of public works Sidewalks Drains Highways, streets and bridges Street lighting	\$ - 20,500 500 54,500 23,500	\$ 216 19,686 2,315 46,904 24,222	\$ 216 19,686 2,315 46,903 24,222	\$ - - - (1)
Total public works	99,000	93,343	93,342	(1)
Health and welfare Ambulance	4,000	3,600	3,600	
Community and economic development Planning	7,800	6,311	6,311	
Other functions Contingency	106,759	195,279		(195,279)
Capital outlay	8,000	3,865	3,865	
Debt service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges	30,000 15,875	30,000 15,875	30,000 15,875	<u>-</u>
Total debt service	45,875	45,875	45,875	
Transfers out	10,335	7,453	7,453	
Total expenditures	611,222	667,187	472,901	(194,286)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(96,177)	(168,185)	47,042	215,227
Fund balance - beginning of year	283,200	283,200	283,200	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 187,023	\$ 115,015	\$ 330,242	\$ 215,227

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Police Fund

	Budgeted Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 370,726	\$ 389,506	\$ 389,506	\$ -
Licenses and permits	2,780	2,213	2,213	-
Local contributions	1,500	1,608	1,608	-
Interest income	8,000	10,619	10,619	-
Other revenue	600	2,263	2,263	-
Sale of fixed assets	600			
Total revenues	384,206	406,209	406,209	
Expenditures				
Current				
Public safety	378,390	780,767	372,038	(408,729)
Capital outlay	9,000	-	-	-
Debt service				
Interest and fiscal charges	5,861	5,861	2,421	(3,440)
Total expenditures	393,251	786,628	374,459	(412,169)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(9,045)	(380,419)	31,750	412,169
Fund balance - beginning of year	258,440	258,440	258,440	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 249,395	<u>\$ (121,979</u>)	\$ 290,190	\$ 412,169

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Park Fund

	Budgeted Original	I Amounts Final	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 103,481	\$ 108,254	\$ 108,254	\$ -	
Other state grants	75,000	63,219	63,219	_	
Charges for services	17,900	21,250	21,250	_	
Interest income	4,500	4,861	4,860	(1)	
Other revenue	1,050	4,648	4,648		
Total revenues	201,931	202,232	202,231	(1)	
Expenditures Current					
Recreation and culture	132,329	259,977	111,636	(148,341)	
Capital outlay	142,400	131,428	131,428	(140,541)	
Total expenditures	274,729	391,405	243,064	(148,341)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(72,798)	(189,173)	(40,833)	148,340	
Fund balance - beginning of year	189,081	189,081	189,081		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 116,283	\$ (92)	\$ 148,248	\$ 148,340	

Required Supplemental Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Trash Collection Fund

	Budgeted		Actual Over (Under) Final		
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 156,457	\$ 132,135	\$ 156,766	\$ 24,631	
Interest income	8,300	8,809	8,779	(30)	
Other revenue	100	517	548	31	
Transfers in		629	629		
Total revenues	164,857	142,090	166,722	24,632	
Expenditures					
Current Public works	319,659	413,241	154,735	(258,506)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(154,802)	(271,151)	11,987	283,138	
Fund balance - beginning of year	324,257	324,257	324,257		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 169,455	\$ 53,106	\$ 336,244	\$ 283,138	

Other Supplemental Information

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

March 31, 2008

			S	pecial Rev			rmanent Fund				
		Fire		Building Department Library A			Property Tax ninistration		emetery Trust	Total lonmajor /ernmental Funds	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds	\$	146,013 -	\$	32,058 <u>-</u>	\$	106,024	\$	36,280 6,056	\$	528 -	\$ 320,903 6,056
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	146,013	\$	32,058	\$	106,024	\$	42,336	\$	528	\$ 326,959
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	1,427 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	83 314	\$	-	\$	- -	\$ 1,510 314
Total liabilities		1,427				397					1,824
Fund balances Unreserved Undesignated		144,586		32,058		105,627		42,336	<u> </u>	528	325,135
Total fund balances		144,586		32,058		105,627		42,336		528	325,135
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	146,013	<u>\$</u>	32,058	\$	106,024	\$	42,336	\$	528	\$ 326,959



Other Supplemental Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

		Special F		ermanent Fund						
	<u>Fire</u>	Building Department		Library		roperty Tax ninistration		emetery Trust		Total lonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues Taxes	\$ 114,555	\$ -	\$	\$ 81,176	\$	39,352	\$	_	\$	235,083
Licenses and permits	φ 11 4 ,000 -	31,32 ⁻		-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	31,321
State revenue sharing	-	-		4,582		-		-		4,582
Other state grants	-	-		10,123		5,853		-		15,976
Local contributions	41,400	-		3,500		-		-		44,900
Fines and forfeitures	-	- 0.40	7	27,118		-		-		27,118
Interest income Other revenue	3,841 -	2,127	′	4,362 7,767		891 707		- 2		11,223 8,474
Total revenues	159,796	33,448	3	138,628		46,803		2		378,677
Expenditures										
Current										
General government	-	-		-		55,326		-		55,326
Public safety Recreation and culture	106,611	30,780)	- 150,546		-		-		137,391 150,546
Capital outlay	-	_		5,276		-		-		5,276
Debt service				5,270						5,276
Principal retirement	24,644	-		-		-		-		24,644
Interest and fiscal charges	9,254			-						9,254
Total expenditures	140,509	30,780	2 _	155,822		55,326		-		382,437
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	19,287	2,668	3_	(17,194)		(8,523)		2		(3,760)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in						6,824				6,824
Net change in fund balance	19,287	2,668	3	(17,194)		(1,699)		2		3,064
Fund balance - beginning of year	125,299	29,390	<u> </u>	122,821		44,035		526		322,071
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 144,586	\$ 32,058	<u>\$</u>	105,627	\$	42,336	\$	528	\$	325,135

Other Supplemental Information

Combining Statement of Net Assets

Internal Service Funds

March 31, 2008

Accesso	Motor Pool	Fringe Benefit	Total
Assets Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,065	\$ 117	\$ 30,182
Noncurrent assets	φ σσ,σσσ	Ψ 117	ψ 00,102
Capital assets being depreciated	41,991		41,991
Total assets	72,056	117	72,173
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	41,991 30,065	- 117	41,991 30,182
Total net assets	<u>\$ 72,056</u>	<u>\$ 117</u>	\$ 72,173



Other Supplemental Information

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets Internal Service Funds

	Motor Pool	Fringe Benefit	Total
Operating revenue	Φ 00 074	A 107 010	A 400 5 00
Billings to other funds	\$ 23,274	\$ 407,319	\$ 430,593
Other revenue	87	2,983	3,070
Total operating revenue	23,361	410,302	433,663
Operating expenses			
Personnel services	-	411,908	411,908
Supplies	5,915	-	5,915
Contractual services	825	-	825
Repairs and maintenance	1,850	-	1,850
Other expenses	4,261	-	4,261
Depreciation	12,429		12,429
Total operating expenses	25,280	411,908	437,188
Operating loss	(1,919)	(1,606)	(3,525)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Interest income	1,462	1,723	3,185
Loss on disposal of assets	(7,663)		(7,663)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(6,201)	1,723	(4,478)
Change in net assets	(8,120)	117	(8,003)
Net assets - beginning of year	80,176		80,176
Net assets - end of year	\$ 72,056	<u>\$ 117</u>	\$ 72,173

Other Supplemental Information

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds

	Motor Pool	Fringe Benefit	Total
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Receipts from interfund users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 87 23,274 (13,180)	\$ 2,983 407,319 - (411,908)	\$ 3,070 430,593 (13,180) (411,908)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	10,181	(1,606)	8,575
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Purchases of capital assets Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(12,000) 250	<u>-</u>	(12,000) 250
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(11,750)		(11,750)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	1,462	1,723	3,185
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(107)	117	10
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	30,172		30,172
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 30,065	<u>\$ 117</u>	\$ 30,182
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities	\$ (1,919)	\$ (1,606)	\$ (3,525)
Depreciating activities Depreciation and amortization expense Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts payable	12,429 (329)	<u>-</u>	12,429 (329)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 10,181	<u>\$ (1,606)</u>	\$ 8,575

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Indebtedness

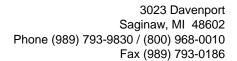
March 31, 2008

Description Governmental Activities	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Amount of Annual Maturity		Annual		Annual		Annual		May nterest ayment	I	ovember nterest ayment	 Total
Fire Truck Revenue Bonds Amount of issue - \$205,000	4.450% 4.550%	11/1/08 11/1/09	\$	20,000 25,000	\$ 1,014 569	\$	1,014 569	\$ 22,028 26,138						
			<u>\$</u>	45,000	\$ 1,583	\$	1,583	\$ 48,166						
Township Complex Revenue Bonds Amount of issue - \$500,000	3.375% 3.600% 4.000% 4.000% 4.000% 4.125% 4.300% 4.500% 4.625%	11/1/08 11/1/09 11/1/10 11/1/11 11/1/12 11/1/13 11/1/14 11/1/15 11/1/16 11/1/17	\$	30,000 30,000 30,000 35,000 35,000 40,000 40,000 40,000 45,000	\$ 7,469 6,963 6,423 5,823 5,123 4,423 3,701 2,841 1,941 1,041	\$	7,468 6,962 6,422 5,822 5,122 4,422 3,700 2,840 1,940 1,040	\$ 44,937 43,925 42,845 46,645 45,245 43,845 47,401 45,681 43,881 47,081						
			\$	360,000	\$ 45,748	\$	45,738	\$ 451,486						

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Indebtedness

March 31, 2008

Description	Interest Rate	Date of Maturity	Amount of Annual Maturity		Annual		May nterest ayment	I	ovember nterest ayment	 Total
Fire truck installment agreement Amount of issue - \$145,000	4.700% 4.700% 4.700% 4.700% 4.700%	5/20/08 5/20/09 5/20/10 5/20/11 5/20/12 5/20/13	\$	4,868 5,101 18,332 19,213 20,135 21,103	\$ 6,132 5,899 5,303 4,423 3,500 2,533	\$	- - - -	\$ 11,000 11,000 23,635 23,636 23,635 23,636		
	4.700% 4.700%	5/20/14 5/20/15	\$	22,116 23,178 134,046	\$ 1,520 457 29,767	\$	- - -	\$ 23,636 23,635 163,813		
Business-type Activities										
Building Authority's Water Tower Bond Amount of issue - \$725,000	5.550% 5.650% 5.750% 5.800% 5.850% 5.875% 5.875% 5.875%	11/1/08 11/1/09 11/1/10 11/1/11 11/1/12 11/1/13 11/1/14 11/1/15 11/1/16	\$	40,000 40,000 40,000 45,000 50,000 50,000 55,000 60,000	\$ 12,620 11,510 10,380 9,230 7,925 6,463 4,994 3,378 1,763	\$	12,620 11,510 10,380 9,230 7,925 6,463 4,994 3,377 1,762	\$ 65,240 63,020 60,760 63,460 65,850 62,926 64,988 61,755 63,525		
			\$	435,000	\$ 68,263	\$	68,261	\$ 571,524		





Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Members of the Township Board Richland Township Saginaw, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Richland Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise Richland Township's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated June 4, 2008. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Richland Township's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Richland Township's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We consider the deficiency below to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

Segregation of Duties

Our review of the Township's procedures indicated that there is a lack segregation of duties in the receiving, depositing and recording of cash receipts. To provide effective control it would be necessary to separate each of these duties, as well as the reconciling of the bank accounts, whereas at the present time the deputy treasurer's duties include all of these functions to some degree. Since it's not practicable to separate each of these duties, we do recommend the Township Manager receive unopened bank statements to review for unusual items, continue to review bank reconciliations, and to watch for trends or large fluctuations from what is expected. This will reduce the risk of errors or fraud in the Township.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements would not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify and deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Richland Township's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also noted certain additional matters that we reported to the Township's management in a separate letter dated June 4, 2008.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing body, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Saginaw, Michigan

Yeo & Yeo, P.C.

June 4, 2008





July 7, 2008

Management and the Township Board Richland Township 1180 N Hemlock Hemlock, MI 48626

We have completed our audit of the financial statements of Richland Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008 and have issued our report dated June 4, 2008. We are required to communicate certain matters to you in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America that are related to internal control and the audit. The appendices to this letter set forth those communications as follows:

I Auditor's Communication of Significant Matters with Those Charged with Governance

II Management Comments

We discussed these matters with various personnel in the organization during the audit. We would also be pleased to meet with you to discuss these matters at your convenience.

These communications are intended solely for the information and use of management, the Township Board, others within the organization, and are not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than those specified parties.

Saginaw, Michigan

Yeo & Yeo, P.C.

Responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated March 13, 2008, we are responsible for conducting our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (US GAAS) established by the Auditing Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Our responsibility, as prescribed by US GAAS, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management, with your oversight, are fairly presented, in all material respects. Our audit does not relieve you of your responsibilities.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit as outlined in our discussion with you related to planning matters on March 13, 2008.

Significant Audit Findings

- Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting
 policies. We will advise management about their appropriateness and
 application. The significant accounting policies are described in (Note 1) of the
 financial statements. We noted no transactions entered into by the organization
 during the year where there is lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. There
 are no significant transactions that were recognized in a period other than which
 they occurred.
- Accounting estimates are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions. Some estimates are sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and the fact that future events affecting them may differ from those expected. The most sensitive accounting estimates and how they were derived by management are:
 - Management's estimate of the unbilled water and sewer usage receivable and compensated absences are the key estimates. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop both estimates in determining whether they were reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.
- Disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent and clear.

Difficulties Encountered During the Audit - None

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require that the auditor accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those the auditor believes to be trivial. The adjustments identified during the audit have been communicated to management and management has posted all adjustments. Management has determined that the effects of the uncorrected misstatements below are immaterial both individually and in the aggregate, qualitatively and quantitatively, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Schedule of Unadjusted Financial Statement Misstatements For the year ended March 31, 2008

	Amount over(under)stated										
<u>Description</u>	Asse	ets	Liab	<u>ilities</u>	Net	<u>Assets</u>	Reve	enues enues	Ехр	<u>enese</u>	
Accrued payroll not booked Unreconciled taxes receivable	\$	- 970	\$	(16,560)	\$	16,560 970	\$	- 970	\$	(16,560)	
Prior year audit differences				-	_	(9,140)				-	
Net audit differences	\$	970	\$	(16,560)	\$	8,390	\$	970	\$	(16,560)	

Disagreements with Management

A disagreement with management is defined as a financial accounting, reporting or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, which could be significant, individually or in the aggregate to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We had no disagreements with management during the audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated as of the date of the audit report.

Management's Consultations with Other Accountants

From time to time, management may decide to consult with other accountants about audit and accounting matters. Should this occur, professional standards require the consulting accountant to communicate with us to determine that they have all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no consultations with other accountants during the year.

Significant Issues Discussed or Subject to Correspondence with Management

From time to time auditors discuss significant issues with management such as business conditions affecting the entity, business plans and strategies that may affect the risk of material misstatement and the application of accounting principles and auditing standards. The issues discussed during the audit occurred during the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Reports

Other information that is required to be reported to you is included in the Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards. Please read all information included in that report to ensure you are aware of relevant information.

Appendix II Management Comments

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Richland Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, we considered Richland Township internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our audit procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

However, during our audit we became aware of several matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls, improving operating efficiency and reducing expenses. This letter does not affect our report date June 4, 2008, on the financial statements of Richland Township. Our comments and recommendations regarding those matters are:

Budgeting

In the current year the Township budgeted for a deficit in the Police and Park fund. This is a violation of the Uniform Budgeting Act. Each year the Township budgets for a contingency amount that agrees to the amount of fund balance you have left in that fund. The amount used in the Police and Park fund this year did not agree to the fund balance in the prior year audit report, therefore, causing the deficit in the final budget. It's fine to budget this way, but use the prior year audit report as your guide in creating this contingency amount. This will prevent budgeting for a deficit in future years.

Water and Sewer Billing Adjustments

In reviewing internal controls over water and sewer billings we found that the approval process of water/sewer adjustments can be improved. Currently, no adjustments are made without written permission from the Township Manager. Although all adjustments should be approved, the Township Manager should be reviewing a computer generated list of adjustments to customer accounts. This will prevent any unapproved adjustments and provide the necessary controls over the billing system.

New Accounting and Auditing Standards

There are several new accounting and auditing standards issued that will affect the Township. Most notably Government Accounting Standard Board #45 – Accounting and Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. The Township currently pays for retiree post retirement benefits on a pay as you go basis. Under this new standard the Township would have to begin recognizing this obligation in the 2009 calendar year.